[AUGUST, MDCCLXVIII.] [NUMB. 140.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1768.

BOSTON, JUNE 27.

have the Pleaſure to inform our Readers, that the Houſe of Repreſentatives, in the preſent Seſſion of the General Aſſembly, have received very agreeable Letters from diverſ Houſes of Repreſentatives, &c. of the other Colonies, in Anſwer to the circular Letter of the late Houſe, of the 11th of February *laſt, of which the following are Copies of thoſe from* Virginia, New-Jerſey, *and* Connecticut, *viz.*

To the Honourable the Speaker of the Honourable Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay.

SIR, *Virginia, May* 9, 1768.

THE Houſe of Burgeſſes of this Colony proceeded very ſoon after they met to the conſideration of your important Letter, of the 11th of *February* 1768, written in the name, and by order of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of your Province; and I have received their particular directions to deſire you to inform that honourable Houſe, that they applaud them for their attention to American Liberty, and that the Steps they have taken thereon, will convince them of their opinion of the fatal tendency of the acts of Parliament complained of, and of their fixed reſolution to concur with the other colonies in their application for redreſs.

After the moſt deliberate conſultation, they thought it their duty to repreſent to the Parliament of Great-Britain, that they are truly ſenſible of the happineſs and ſecurity they derive from their connections with, and dependance on Great-Britain, and are under the greateſt concern that any unlucky incident ſhould interrupt that ſalutary harmony, which they with ever to ſubſiſt. They lament that the remoteneſs of their ſituation often expoſes them to ſuch miſrepreſentations, as are apt to involve them in cenſures of diſloyalty to their Sovereign, and the want of a proper reſpect to the Britiſh Parliament; whereas they have indulged themſelves in the agreeable perſuaſion, that they ought to be conſidered as inferior to none of their fellow ſubjects in loyalty and affection.

That they do not affect an independency of their parent kingdom, the proſperity of which they are bound to the utmoſt of their abilities to promote, but chearfully acquieſce in the authority of Parliament to make laws for preſerving a neceſſary dependance, and for regulating the trade of the colonies. Yet they cannot conceive, and humbly inſiſt, it is not eſſential to ſupport a proper relation between a mother country, and colonies tranſplanted from her, that ſhe ſhould have a right to raiſe money from them without their conſent, and preſume they do not aſpire to more than the natural rights of Britiſh ſubjects, when they aſſert, that no power on earth has a right to impoſe taxes on the people, or take the ſmalleſt portion of their property, without their conſent, given by their Repreſentatives in Parliament. This has ever been conſidered as the chief pillar of the conſtitution; without this ſupport no man can be ſaid to have the leaſt ſhadow of liberty, ſince they can have no property in that, which another can by right take from them when he pleaſes, without their conſent.

That their anceſtors brought over with them intire, and tranſmitted to their deſcendants, the natural and conſtitutional rights they had enjoyed in their native country; and the firſt principles of the Britiſh conſtitution were early engrafted into the conſtitution of the colonies. Hence a legiſlative authority, ever eſſential in all free ſtates, was derived, and aſſimilated as nearly as might be to that in England; the executive power, and the right of aſſenting or diſſenting to all laws reſerved to the Crown, and the privilege of chooſing their own repreſentatives continued to the people, and confirmed to them by repeated and expreſs ſtipulations. The Government thus eſtabliſhed, they enjoyed the fruits of their own labour with a ſerenity which liberty only can impart. Upon preſſing occaſions they applied to his Majeſty for relief, and gratefully acknowledge they have frequently received it from their mother country; whenever their aſſiſtance was neceſſary, requiſitions have conſtantly been made from the Crown to the Repreſentatives of the people, who have complied with them to the utmoſt extent of their abilities. The ample proviſion made for the ſupport of the civil Government, in the reign of King *Charles* the ſecond, and at his requeſt, and the large ſupplies voted during the laſt war, upon requiſitions from his Majeſty and his royal grandfather, afford early and late inſtances of the diſpoſitions of the aſſemblies of this colony, and are ſufficient proofs that the Parliament of Great-Britain did not, till lately, aſſume a power of impoſing taxes on the people, for the purpoſe of raiſing a revenue.

To ſay that the Commons of Great-Britain have a right to impoſe internal taxes on the inhabitants of this continent, who are not, and cannot be repreſented, is in effect to bid them prepare for a ſtate of ſlavery. What muſt be their ſituation, ſhould ſuch a right be eſtabliſhed? The colonies have no conſtitutional check on their liberality in giving away their money, cannot have an opportunity of explaining their grievances, or of pointing out the eaſieſt method of taxation, for their doom will generally be determined, before they are acquainted that the ſubject has been agitated in Parliament, and the Commons bear no proportion of the taxes they lay upon them. The notion of a virtual repreſentation, which would render all our rights merely ideal, has been ſo often, ſo clearly refuted, that nothing need be ſaid on that head.

The oppreſſive ſtamp-act confeſſedly impoſed internal taxes, and the late acts of parliament, giving and granting certain duties in the Britiſh colonies, plainly tend to the ſame point. Duties have been impoſed to reſtrain the commerce of one part of the Empire that was likely to prove injurious to another, and by this means the welfare of the whole promoted; but duties impoſed on ſuch of the Britiſh exports as are neceſſaries of life, to be paid by the coloniſts on importation, without any view to the intereſt of commerce, but merely to raiſe a revenue, or in other words to compel the coloniſts to part with their money againſt their inclinations, they conceive to be a tax internal to all intents and purpoſes. And can it be thought juſt or reaſonable, reſtricted as they are in their trade, confined as they are in their exports, obliged to purchaſe theſe very neceſſaries at the Britiſh market, that they ſhould now be told they ſhall not have them without paying a duty for them?

The act ſuſpending the legiſlative power of New-York, they conſider as ſtill more alarming to the Colonies, tho' it has that ſingle province in view. If the parliament can compel them to furniſh a ſingle article to the troops ſent over, they may, by the ſame rule, oblige them to furniſh cloaths, arms, and every other neceſſary, even the pay of the officers and ſoldiers, a doctrine replete with every miſchief, and utterly ſubverſive of all that is dear and valuable: For what advantage can the people of the Colonies derive from their right of chooſing their own Repreſentatives, if thoſe Repreſentatives when choſen, not permitted to exerciſe their own judgments, were under a neceſſity (on pain of being deprived their legiſlative authority) of enforcing the mandates of a Britiſh Parliament.

This, Sir, is a ſketch of their ſentiments, as they are expreſſed in a petition to His Majeſty, a memoral to the Right Honourable the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and in a remonſtrance to the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of Great-Britain in Parliament aſſembled. In all theſe proceedings the Council of this Colony have concurred, and have directed their Agent, James Abercromby, Eſq; to join Edward Montague, Eſq; the Agent for this Colony, in applying for redreſs of the grievances they ſo juſtly complain of. Copies were delivered to the Preſident of the Council, now commander in chief, who is deſired to tranſmit them to the Secretary of State appointed by his Majeſty to manage the affairs of North-America, and Mr. Montague is enjoined to conſult the Agents of the other Colonies, and to co-operate with them in every Meaſure that ſhall be thought neceſſary to be taken on this critical point.

They truſt they have expreſſed themſelves with a firmneſs that becomes freemen pleading for eſſential rights, and with a decency that will take off every imputation of faction or diſloyalty. They repoſe entire confidence in his Majeſty, who is ever attentive to the complaints of his ſubjects, and is ever ready to relieve their diſtreſs; and they are not without hopes that the Colonies, united in a decent and regular oppoſition, may prevail on a new Houſe of Commons, to put a ſtop to meaſures ſo directly repugnant to the intereſts both of the Mother Country, and her Colonies.

In the name, and by order of the Houſe of Burgeſſes,
I am, with the greateſt reſpect,
Your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
PEYTON RANDOLPH, *Speaker.*

SIR, Colony of New-Jerſey, May 9, 1768.

AS *ſoon as the Houſe of Repreſentatives of this Colony met, which was on the* 12th *of April, I laid your Letter of the* 11th *of February before them.*

Senſible that the law you complain of, is a ſubject in which every Colony is intereſted, the Houſe of Repreſentatives readily perceived the neceſſity of an immediate application to the King, and that it ſhould correſpond with thoſe of the other Colonies; but as they have not had an opportunity of knowing the ſentiments of any other Colony, but that of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, they have endeavoured to conform themſelves to the mode adopted by you.

They have therefore given inſtructions to their Agent, and enjoined his attention to the ſubject of their Petition.

The freedom with which the Houſe of Repreſentatives of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay have communicated their ſentiments upon a matter of ſo great concern to all the Colonies, hath been received by this Houſe with that candour, the ſpirit and deſign of your letter merits——And at the ſame time that they acknowledge themſelves obliged to you for communicating your ſentiments to them, they have directed me to aſſure you, that they are deſirous to keep up a correſpondence with you, and to unite with the Colonies, if neceſſary, in further ſupplications to his Majeſty, to relieve his diſtreſſed American ſubjects.

In the name, and by order of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,
I am, Sir, your moſt obedient humble ſervant,
CORTLAND SKINNER, *Speaker.*

SIR, *Colony of Connecticut, June* 11, 1768.

BY order of the Houſe of Repreſentatives of this Colony, I am to acknowledge the Receipt of your Letter of the 11th of February laſt, communicating the Senſe which the Repreſentative Body of your Province have of the great difficulties to which they, and their Conſtituents, muſt be ſubjected by the operation of the ſeveral acts of the Britiſh Parliament by you referred to, and the meaſures they have gone into for obtaining redreſs of thoſe grievances.

Your letter was laid before this Houſe of Repreſentatives early in the ſeſſion, which is now juſt cloſed. They conſider the ſaid acts of Parliament in their nature, tendency and operation, as matters of ſerious concern, and very intereſting importance to this and all the Engliſh American Colonies, and are of opinion, that no conſtitutional meaſures proper for obtaining relief ought to be neglected by any, and that it is of importance their meaſures for that end ſhould harmonize with each other, as their ſucceſs may in a great degree depend on their union in ſentiment and practice, on this critical and intereſting occaſion.

The Houſe therfore very kindly accepted your letter, and are perſuaded from the importance of the cauſe, the laudable zeal, and the generous exertions of the province of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay, from time to time, in favour of her conſtitutional freedom, that it proceeded only from a hearty concern for the juſt rights, the common intereſt and welfare of theſe Colonies.

This Houſe are deſirous ever to cultivate the ſtrickeſt friendſhip and harmony with the neighbouring Colonies, and with none more than yours, and will be always ready to receive with the utmoſt candor their opinion in any matters of general concern, and equally willing on all proper occaſions to communicate their own ſentiments on any ſubject of our common welfare, in full confidence they would meet with the ſame friendly and candid acceptance.

This Houſe have alſo taken into their ſerious conſideration the operation of the ſaid acts of parliament, and are deeply ſenſible that this, in common with her Siſter Colonies, muſt thereby be involved in great difficulties, which are perhaps a prelude to ſtill greater, and have purſued meaſures for obtaining redreſs ſimilar to thoſe adopted by the Houſe of Repreſentatives of your province.

We cannot but entertain, with you, the ſtrongeſt confidence in the King's royal clemency, juſtice and goodneſs, and that the united, dutiful ſupplications of his faithful diſtreſſed ſubjects in America, will meet with a kind and gracious acceptance.

In the name, and by order of the Houſe of Repreſentatives, I am, Sir, with great eſteem and reſpect, your moſt obedient humble ſervant, ZEBULON WEST, Speaker.

LONDON, APRIL 20.

PRIVATE letters from Genoa inform, that ſeveral maritime powers had lately entered into treaties of commerce with the people of Corſica.

It is now confidently aſſerted, that if the French ſhall ſend twenty battalions of their troops againſt the brave Corſicans, another great nation will at laſt ſtep forth as the public guardian of Liberty, ſo that important news may be expected.

Extract of a letter from Genoa, March 23.

"The rebels every day gain ground of us, and if the freſh ſuccors that we have been flattered with from France do not quickly arrive, we ſhall probably be ſoon obliged to renounce the dominion which the Republic has exerciſed over thoſe people, and make a firm and ſolid peace with them, the baſis of which will be their liberty."

They write from Liſbon, that ſome great perſons there expreſs much diſatisfaction at the intended ceſſion of Paraguay in South-America, to his Moſt Catholic Majeſty.

Letters from Paris adviſe, that fifty houſes, together with the church and parſonage, had been deſtroyed by fire in the town of St. Paterne, near Tours; and that ſeveral perſons periſhed in the flames.

The laſt letters from Senegal mention, that two Bermudian armed ſloops, in the ſervice of the government, had been diſpatched to the Cape de Verd iſlands in queſt of a deſperate crew of pirates, who had for ſome time infeſted that part of the coaſt.

It is reported, that orders will ſoon be given for the artificers in the dock yards at Plymouth, Portſmouth, and Chatham, to be augmented, in order to fit out ſeveral ſhips of war, which are to make their appearance this ſummer in the Mediterranean.

They write from Paris, that John Baptiſt-Nicholas Boyer, Phyſician in Ordinary to the King, Inſpector of the Royal Military Hoſpitals of the kingdom, Regent Doctor and Antient Dean of the Faculty of Phyſic of Paris, Royal Cenſor, Member of the Royal Society of London, &c. died there the 2d of this month in the 73th year of his age.

APRIL 22. The 8th regiment of foot, commanded by Major General Webb, and the 28th, commanded by Lord Viſcount Townſhend, now quartered in Kent, are ordered to be compleated forthwith to their full complement, being to embark ſpeedily for New-York.

According to private letters from the Hague, her Imperial Majeſty of Ruſſia is ſaid to intereſt herſelf highly in favour of the independency of the Corſicans; and it was reported, a Nobleman of that Nation is now at St. Peterſburg in quality of Agent from General Paoli.

APRIL 23. Mr. Wilkes's Counſel were unanimous againſt his appearing in perſon, on Wedneſday, before the Court of King's Bench, and told him, that he could not fail of being immediately committed, although they would move for Bail; they ſtrongly adviſed putting in an appearance by Attorney, and even *proteſted*, as Counſel, againſt his going in perſon, from the apprehenſion of the conſequences: Mr. Wilkes ſaid, that what they adviſed, was certainly more ſafe, and might be more prudent, but he had given his word to the Public, that he would appear in Perſon, and therefore no Conſequences, of any kind, ſhould make him forfeit his Honour; but in every other point, he would be guided by their advice.

We hear that ſeveral Counties and Boroughs intend to inſtruct their Members not to conſent to the Expulſion of Mr. Wilkes, as it is generally believed that the Miniſtry intend to move the Houſe for that violent and unjuſt meaſure.

They write from Cadiz, that two regiments of infantry were preparing to embark there on board ſome tranſports, to be eſcorted by a man of war to New Orleans, in America.

Letters by the laſt Mail from Waterford, mention, that upwards of thirty ſail of ſhips from different ports in Eng-

hold, were then victualing there, to proceed on the Newfoundland cod fishery.

APRIL 25. It is said a stop is ordered to be put to the further exportation of military stores to Portugal.

Some letters from Leghorn mention, that the Senate of Genoa begin to doubt much whether France would send a body of their forces to Corsica; and it was said, the Republic intended to make application elsewhere, for troops to occupy their garrisons in that isle.

From Berlin, we are informed, that great part of the King of Prussia's time is at present employed in endeavouring to improve and extend the commerce of his subjects throughout all his dominions.

APRIL 26. They write from Copenhagen, that a very terrible eruption of fire had lately happened at Mount Hecla, in Iceland, that the ships decks, several miles distant in the road, had been covered with ashes, and that the effects of the vulcano were felt all over the island.

A Plan is now under consideration for making the Island of Bermuda a free Port, in consequence of some Petitions laid before the Lords of Trade and Plantations, for the better promoting of Trade and Commerce.

Orders are given to the men of war that are destined to sail for Newfoundland, to take on board an additional number of seamen, who are to be employed in manning a number of sloops and small vessels, for the better protection of that trade.

APRIL 27. Some letters from Warsaw advise, that the new Confederates of Podolia have made themselves masters of the castle of Bar as well as the fortress of Kaminieck, and that the number of gentlemen who have joined them is estimated at eight thousand. 'Tis added, that all the members of the Confederacy have engaged themselves by the most solemn oath not to discover any of their projects, that their conduct seems to be very regular, and that they pay ready money for every thing they stand in need of.

Letters from Paris mention, that orders are given for the immediate embarkation of a body of troops, supposed to be destined for Corsica.

APRIL 29. A correspondent with great positiveness asserts, that the Rev. Mr. Kidgell, of whom no certain intelligence has ever been made public, lies buried in Dover church-yard, to which place he went in order to embark for France, soon after his first disappearing. This correspondent says, he saw him at Dover, that he was under great dejection of spirits; and supposes he died broken hearted.

Robert Wilmot, Esq; son of the Right Hon. Lord Chief Justice Wilmot, is appointed Chief Secretary to the Governor, and Pay-master of all the garrisons and forces at Bengal in the East-Indies.

It is reported that a noble D—— has offered his advice, that as gentle measures as the nature of the thing will admit of, may be used on a certain occasion.

Wednesday morning came on, in the Court of King's Bench, Westminster, before the Right Honourable Lord Chief Justice Mansfield, the grand cause between the College of Physicians and the Licentiates, when, after a long hearing, which lasted till near three o'clock, a verdict was given in favour of the former.

Letters from Fort St. David's, by the Hector East-Indiaman, mention, that some additional works were making to that place, so as to make it, in a great measure, impregnable against the future attempts of any enemy whatever.

APRIL 30. *The 30th instant, Lord Mansfield acknowledged that the amendment in the information against Mr. Wilkes was so essential, that without such amendment, it must have fallen to the ground, unless the whole was fully proved, or had there been the alteration of so much as a single letter. His Lordship also allowed the Court had a discretional power to admit of Bail, even in the Case of High Treason, but the 27th following, his Lordship declined this humane power, notwithstanding Mr. Wilkes had the Writs of Error already admitted by the Court.*

To the many arbitrary and oppressive measures taken against Mr. Wilkes, may be added, that on the 19th instant, when he dined with his friends at the King's Arms Tavern, Cornhill, he was served in the midst of them, by an Agent of the Secretary of the Treasury, with an Exchequer Writ and bill of discovery, upon an information, (consisting of many sheets of paper) in order, should the outlawry remain, to discover and seize all his effects, even the small pittance generously subscribed by his fellow subjects for discharging his debts, as being in Law forfeited to the Crown, and in case the outlawry was reversed, then to oblige him to prove in an unusual way, his full qualification to sit in the House as Knight of the Shire, as well as to give him as much vexation, and put him to as great expence as was possible.

Thursday night the mob assembled in St George's Fields with pick-axes, &c. and attempted to pull down the prison walls of the King's bench where Mr. Wilkes was; but Mr. Wilkes hearing of it, spoke to them from the window, persuading them to disperse and go home quietly, and they immediately desisted; a party of Guards came, but the mob drove them away by pelting them with stones, &c. they afterwards broke several windows in the Borough, and did other mischief before they went away.

Thursday night a great number of people assembled in and about the Borough, the houses were illuminated, bonfires made, and a Jack Boot hung on a gibbet and then burnt, a flag was also hung up with Wilkes and Liberty wrote thereon.

It is confidently asserted, that Mr. Wilkes was not the author of the political paper, (which rather than at that time give up his friends) has brought him into so much trouble; that the late Messrs. Charles Churchill and Robert Lloyd were the absolute writers of the celebrated North Briton, No. 45, during a few days absence of Mr. Wilkes in the country.

On the motion made on Wednesday by Mr. Wilkes's Council for admitting him to bail, which was argued by Mr. Serjeant Glynn, Mr. Recorder of London, Mr. Moreton, &c. for the Defendant, and argued by the Attorney General, and Sir Fletcher Norton, for the Crown: It was asserted that there was no precedent of a person, under a criminal prosecution, being admitted to bail after conviction, and that if such indulgence was shewn, a man who flies from the justice of his country, and is thereupon outlawed, would be in a better situation than one who submits to it; as in the latter case, after conviction he must remain in custody till sentence is passed, whereas in the former case he would be at large.

It is said, three hundred thousand pounds bail was refused on Wednesday at a certain place.

Thursday Mr. Wilkes had a great levee, and great numbers of persons gathered continually about the King's Bench Prison.

This week several meetings of the most considerable Freeholders of the county of Middlesex, in the interest of John Wilkes, Esq; were held at different places to consider of the present exigency of that Gentleman's affairs.

Yesterday a Turtle of One Hundred and Forty five Pounds weight, was sent by Lewis Mendez, Esq; to John Wilkes, Esq; in the King's Bench, being the first Turtle that has been brought this year to England.

Mr. Wilkes sent some of his friends, Yesterday, to Westminster and Spittalfields, to desire the populace not to come in parties, or assemble themselves about the King's Bench prison.

'Tis very remarkable that the twenty-three men who drew the hackney coach, in which were Mr. Wilkes and the tipstaff, &c. had between them just 45 eyes, 45 arms, and 45 legs.

The guards at the Tower are ordered to hold themselves in readiness to march at a minute's warning, if any disturbances should happen.

Yesterday there was a Levee at St. James's, but no Council; after breaking up of the Levee, Lord Mansfield had a long conference with his Majesty.

The 13th regiment of foot, commanded by Lieutenant General Murray, is ordered to be compleated forthwith to its full number, in order to be embarked for Gibraltar, to relieve one of the regiments, which has been there the stated time of three years.

Letters from Dublin mention, that one hundred and ninety natives of that kingdom, had just embarked on board a ship in the River Liffey, for the Island of St. John's, Newfoundland, where they are going to settle.

This week grants for several thousand acres in West Florida were made out in favour of Gentlemen who had petitioned the Crown for lands to settle in that province.

We are assured that a certain Officer of Rank in the Navy, has proposed to erect an Equestrian Statue of his late Royal Highness the Duke of York, in the Area of the Royal Academy at Portsmouth, and has applied for leave to carry the same into execution, whereas others are desirous of having it fixed in the front of Greenwich Hospital towards the River Thames.

MAY 2. *It is said the Right Hon. the Earl of Hillsborough will soon be appointed to succeed Lord Weymouth, as one of his Majesty's Secretaries of State.*

It is rumoured that a certain popular Gentleman has been offered his pardon, on condition he will engage to stop prosecution against the E. of H.

The following Letter was sent on Friday to Mr. Reynolds, Attorney at Law, in Lime-street.

"*SIR*,

"*THE* Writs of Error *in the Case of my* Outlawry *being now allowed, I desire you to examine carefully into the state of the proceeding in the action I brought five years ago against Lord Halifax, for having dared to issue a* General Warrant. *I think that action was suspended solely by his Lordship's plea, that I was* outlaw'd. *I hope to live to hear an English Jury, by a formal verdict, condemn a Secretary of State, who violated the first rights of this free Nation, the personal liberty of our countrymen, in the most outrageous illegal manner. I therefore beg you to lose no time in laying before my Council, every thing proper for the prosecution of this public cause, which no consideration shall make me decline or delay.*

"*I thank you, Sir, for the daily proofs you give me of activity and zeal in the course of this great business, and desire you to believe me ever*

Your obliged humble Servant, JOHN WILKES."

King's Bench Prison, Friday, April 29.

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SOUTH-CAROLINA.

By the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, *Esquire, Lieutenant Governor and Commander in Chief in and over his Majesty's said Province.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it has been represented to me, That divers dissolute and disorderly Persons have, of late, frequently assembled themselves together, in the North-Western Parts of this Province, in a riotous and unlawful Manner, to the Disturbance of the public Peace; and, particularly, have in the most illegal Manner, taken upon them to whip and confine several Persons, under the Pretence of punishing them for Crimes which they have charged against them, instead of delivering them into the Hands of public Justice, and have daringly resisted the Execution of the King's Process; and, that these Acts of Violence have been accompanied with Treats of still greater Outrages, which have spread Terror and Alarm amongst those most likely to be immediately affected thereby; and, that some of the said dissolute and disorderly Persons, have audaciously attempted to deter and intimidate the civil Magistrates from doing their Duty: I HAVE taken the same into serious Consideration; AND, being duly sensible of the mischievous Consequences that may ensue from the Continuance and Repetition of such Disorders, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Majesty's Honourable Council, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby strickly requiring and commanding all the Justices, the Provoft Marshal, and all other the Peace Officers of this Province, that they do severally use their utmost Endeavours, by every legal Means in their Power, effectually to prevent and suppress all such Tumults and unlawful Assemblies; and, to that End, to put in due Execution the Laws for preventing, suppressing and punishing the same; and that all his Majesty's dutiful and loyal Subjects be aiding and assisting therein: AND FURTHER, that the Magistrates, and all others acting in Obedience to this Proclamation, may rely on the Protection and Support of the Law in so doing, as they shall answer at their Peril for the Neglect thereof.

GIVEN under my Hand, and the Great Seal of his Majesty's said Province, in Charles-Town, this third Day of August, Anno Domini, 1768, *and in the eighth Year of his Majesty's Reign.*

WILLIAM BULL.

By his Honour's Command,
THOMAS SKOTTOWE, Secr.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 9.

LAST Wednesday the Sloop Rainbow, Nathaniel Saxton, Master, arrived here from Curacoa: In whom came Captain John Bartlett and his Crew, taken out of the Brig Polly, who was cast away the 15th ult. on the Martieres, on her Passage from Jamaica to Boston.—Captain Saxton could have saved a considerable Part of the Cargo of the Polly, had he not been drove off by the Wreckers from the Bahama Islands.

The same Day his Majesty's Packet Boat the Grantham, Capt. Jones, sailed with the Mail for Falmouth; in whom went Passengers, Philip Durell, Esq; late Commander of his Majesty's Ship Cygnet, and most of the other Officers of the said Ship; as also Lieutenant Lennox, who lately came from Pensacola.

The two Companies of the 9th Regiment, now at Bermuda and New Providence, are expected here in a short Time.

Since our last Mr. Eveleigh and Mr. Summers have arrived here from Bristol.

The Brig Beggars Bennison, Henry Rogers, Master, of and from this Port for Jamaica, was lost on the 30th of May, on the French Keys; the People with great Difficulty saved their Lives.

Friday last Captain Todd arrived here from Jamaica, who informs us, that on Saturday the 30th ult. he was off the Martieres on Cape-Florida, where the Bahamians were at Work on the Wrecks of the following Vessels, viz. A Ship, said to be the Maria-Theresa Packet Boat, from Pensacola for this Port; a Spanish Ship of 18 Guns, from the Havana for Old Spain; and the Brig Polly, mentioned above. The Captain and Crew of the Packet were carried to Providence, with the Mails, in one of the Vessels belonging to the Wreckers, and the Spanish Captain and Crew were carried in another to Cuba.

"*The Petitions of General Lyman, and others, to the* "*Crown, for Grants of Lands, and establishing new* "*Governments in the interior Parts of this Continent, are* "*finally set aside and rejected.*

☞ *For Mr.* JAMES COOK's *Letter, &c. see the* SUPPLEMENT.——*Price of Rice 70 sh. the 100 lb.*

August	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	*From*
3d.	Brig Norton, Christopher Brooks,	Dominico
4th.	Ship Lloyd, Nicholas Pocock,	Bristol
	Schooner Thorogood, George Brown,	St. Augustine
	Schooner Mary-Ann, Lawrence Clark,	Georgia
5th.	Brig Berkley, John Wells,	Rotterdam
	Sloop Rainbow, Nathaniel Saxton,	Curacoa
6th.	Sloop Montagu, Richard Todd,	Jamaica
8th.	Sloop Little-Betsy, Downham Newton,	Providence
August	ENTRIES OUTWARD.	*For*
3d.	Schooner Margaret, John Mitchell,	St. Kitts
6th.	Ship Lloyd, Nicholas Pocock,	Bristol
8th.	Ship Dolphin, Henry Simblett,	London
August	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	*For*
8th.	Snow Portland, George Higgins,	London
	Schooner Diamond, Thomas Diamond,	St. Augustine

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO BE SOLD at public auction, on Wednesday the 31st instant, at the plantation where the late Mr. WILLIAM DANDRIDGE *lived, which is very pleasantly situated, about five miles from* Charles-Town, *and near the* Quarter-House,

THE remainder, being near twenty years lease of the said plantation, containing 180 acres, with a commodious dwelling house, barn, stable, chair-house, and several useful buildings, also the crop of corn and potatoes; the whole is under a good substantial fence, and has several reserves of water, which with a good landing near the house, affords plenty of fish. The purchaser will be subject to a ground rent of £.60 per annum, but is under no obligation to leave the buildings on the spot, at the expiration of the lease, a copy of which will be left at the plantation, for the inspection of those that may incline to become purchasers.

At the same time and place, will be sold,

UPWARDS of TWENTY LIKELY SLAVES, among them are boatmen equal to most in the province, sawyers, a good cook, a jobing carpenter, and a butcher, several plantation tools, a large handsome canoe, two small ditto, a small flat, a Bermuda built boat for carrying lime, a small neat stock of cattle, horses and sheep, a parcel of timber, boards, joists, shingles, window frames, sashes, for a building that is framed, and may be immediately set up. Conditions of the sale is CASH for all sums under twenty pounds, and for all above, credit to the first of March next, with interest from the date, and security if required. The sale will begin at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, but if the day proves bad, it will be the next fair day.

FRANCES DANDRIDGE, Executrix.
GEORGE SMITH, Executor.

N. B. The purchaser of the land, may make a considerable quantity of hay the present season.

ONE THOUSAND POUNDS Currency, to be let at Interest, upon good Security. Apply to the Printer.

BEST JAMAICA MUSCOVADO SUGAR, in Hogsheads, Tierces and Barrels, to be sold reasonably on Col. *Beale*'s Wharf, by WILLIAM HINCKLEY.

RUN-AWAY some time ago from the subscriber at *Sampitt*, two sensible, artful country born negro fellows, named DONAS and LEEDS: DONAS is about 45 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, and is well made, he is supposed to be harboured about *Cainhoy*, as he has many acquaintances, and some relations there: LEEDS is about 27 years of age, about 5 feet 8 inches high, stout and well made, he is supposed to be harboured upon *Santee*, as he has many relations on that river. TEN POUNDS reward, with reasonable charges, will be given for each of the said fellows, delivered to JOHN CALVERT, or the warden of the Work-house, in *Charles-Town*, or to the subscriber near *George-Town*, and whoever will give information of them, or either of them being harboured, on proof thereof, if by a white person, shall have a reward of THIRTY POUNDS, and if by a negro, TEN POUNDS, paid by

August 4, 1768. FRANCIS WITHERS.

TO BE SOLD,

A VERY neat Canoe built Boat, rows with six Oars, has an Awning supported by Iron Stanteans, Mast, Sails, and Rigging compleat. Enquire of

WILLIAM ROPER,

MR. JOHN CROSKEAS informs me of the following strays, having broke into his inclosure. Two bay mares, one branded BM, the other branded S3, each has a colt. A dark roan horse, with an obscure brand. The owner or owners must prove their property before

JOSIAH PERRY, J. P.

STOPPED last Saturday from a NEGRO, SIX YARDS of CALLICO, marked No. 11. The Owner thereof, may have it again, paying for this Advertisement, and applying in Union-Street, to

JOSHUA BEARD.

JAMES McCALL,

Has just imported in the Portland, *from* LONDON, *in the* Live-Oak *and* Lloyd, *from* BRISTOL,

A Freſh ſupply of GOODS, among which are WHITE PLAINS and DUFFILS, ready made cloaths, German ſerges, tammies, camblets, bed blankets, &c. womens calimanco, everlaſting, brocade, and ſattin ſhoes and pumps, ſilk, cotton, thread, and worſted hoſe, Iriſh ſhirting and ſheeting linen at any price, beer, cyder, and perry, ſingle and double refined loaf ſugar, raiſins, currants, almonds, white and brown candy, orange chips, barley ſugar, ſugar plumbs, anchovies, capers, French and Spaniſh olives, ſallad oil, baſket ſalt, BEST DOUBLE GLOUCESTER and CHESHIRE CHEESE, glaſs, ſtone, and earthen ware of all ſorts, bird cages, ſives, brooms, bruſhes, baſkets, mops, walking ſticks, bug traps, mortars and peſtles, SEEDS, PEASE, and BEANS, window glaſs 8 by 10, red lead and vermillion, &c. &c. rappee and Straſburgh ſnuff, pigtail and cut tobacco, long and ſhort pipes, needles, pins, tapes, and threads, a few boxes of toys, tops and marbles, milk pans, to be ſold wholeſale.

In Maſon, *from* PHILADELPHIA,

SHIP, water and milk bread, ſuperfine flour in kegs, beſt hard ſoap, bar iron, &c. &c.

GODFREY & GADSDEN,

Have juſt imported in the Portland, *Captain* Higgins, *and the* Liberty, *Captain* Laſley, *and other late veſſels from* LONDON *and* BRISTOL, *a great variety of* EUROPEAN *and* INDIA GOODS, *which they will diſpoſe of reaſonably at their ſtores in* Charles-Town *and* George-Town, *among which are, viz.*

WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS, ſtriped kerſeys for horſe covering, ſcarlet flannel, brown and blue German ſerge, and bloſom coloured knapt ditto, yard wide coating, broad cloths of various colours and trimmings, blue long ell ſagathies and duroys, mens blue mill'd caps, black four thread 18 inches worſted breeches ſtuff to cut, a quantity of women, girls and maids ſtuff and leather ſhoes and pumps, men and boys neat leather ditto, white flannels, ſtriped linſeys, men, women, girls and boys worſted hoſe, mens worſted gloves, womens ſcarlet cloaks, an aſſortment of Iriſh linens, Iriſh ſheeting, Scotch oznabrugs, blue, green and white Ruſſia lace, ditto thread, pavillion gauze, brown buckrams, copper-plate cottons, India and Engliſh callicoes, chints and Perſians, Bengal ſtripes, muſlins, piſtol and clear lawns, cambricks, a great variety of faſhionable ſilks for ladies gowns, cordage, bar iron and lead, an aſſortment of nails, rake head and ferrils, carpenters and coopers tools, iron wedges, trace chains, grind ſtones, gun locks, rat gins, padlocks, rice ſyckles, ſad irons, hinges, a variety of cutlery, iron pots, oakum, ſhot, bullets, gun powder, broad and narrow hoes, fellen axes, engineer bitts, caulking irons, French verdigreaſe, paints dry, and in oil, linſeed oil in jugs, earthen bowls, milk pans, 1, 2, 3, and 4 gallon ſtone bottles, butter jars, China, Florence and turpentine oil, plain quart decanters, crates of ſheet glaſs, maſon and wine glaſſes, ſorted tumblers and covers, pictures, glaſs ſhades and bell lamps for halls, together with many other articles, which will be diſpoſed of very reaſonable.

Imported in the Ship Liberty, *from* BRISTOL,

NEGRO CLOTH, bought of the Manufacturers with CASH, in and about Shrewſbury, of as good Fabrick and Quality, and the beſt Width that could be procured at the Prices, with a few Dozen of WELCH HOSE for Negroes, to be ſold at my Store in BEADON's-ALLEY.

JOHN DAVIES.

DAWSON & WALTER,

Have juſt imported in the Portland, *Captain* Higgins, *from* LONDON,

A freſh Aſſortment of GOODS.

And in the Liberty, *Captain* Laſley, *from* BRISTOL,

A QUANTITY of exceeding good NEGRO CLOTH, &c. &c. all which they will ſell reaſonable, either at their Stores in CHARLES-TOWN or the COUNTRY.

ATKINS & WESTON,

Have juſt imported in the Ship Live-Oak, *from* BRISTOL,

A CHOICE parcel of WHITE PLAINS, Blankets, Nails of all ſorts, Boxes of Window Glaſs, &c. &c. which they will ſell at the loweſt Prices, both at their Stores at STONO, and in CHARLES-TOWN.

A Perſon, who can be well recommended, would be glad of Employment, either in a Store or upon a Wharf; he hopes by his Fidelity and Induſtry to give full Satisfaction to any Gentleman who ſhall be pleaſed to employ him. Any Perſon wanting ſuch a one, may apply to the Printer.

THE Partnerſhip of CUNNINGHAM and SANDS, expired the firſt of July laſt, and little or no regard being taken of their former advertiſements, they therefore, for the LAST TIME, acquaint all thoſe indebted to them, that unleſs they pay, or at leaſt ſettle to their ſatisfaction, by the firſt of October next, that they cannot poſſibly have any longer indulgence, there being a neceſſity for cloſing their concerns by that time. All perſons having any demands, are deſired to make them known.

ANDREW CUNNINGHAM.
JAMES SANDS.

JAMES SANDS,

CONTINUES ſelling the remaining STOCK on hand, conſiſting of almoſt every kind of WINES imported into this province, with JAMAICA and WEST-INDIA RUM, BRITISH and FRENCH BRANDY, &c.

FOR SALE,

A Lot of land on White-point, ſituated between where Meſſrs. John Torrant, and George Mathewes lives, and runs through from Meeting to old Church-ſtreet, fronting on each 35 feet, and in depth 266 feet; the ſituation is very high and pleaſant, has excellent water on it, and boats may be brought up the channel that runs to both ſtreets on which it fronts within a few yards of the lot, which makes it very convenient for country gentlemen in particular. Any perſon or perſons inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may have it on ſuch terms as will afford them a good intereſt for their money, if they propoſe building to let. For further particulars, apply to ELIAS VANDERHORST.

JOHN McCALL, jun.

Has juſt imported in the Ship Lloyd, *Captain* Pocock, *from* BRISTOL;

WHITE and COLOURED PLAINS, duffil blankets, broad cloths, Bath coating, bottled Taunton ale, beer and perry, ſingle refined ſugar, currants and raiſins, Jordan almonds, beſt Straſburgh and rappee ſnuff, pigtail tobacco, nails of all ſorts, 8 by 10 window glaſs, white lead, Spaniſh brown, yellow oaker ground in oil, lamblack, red lead, vermillion, linſeed oil, gun-powder, ſhot and bullets, vinegar in jugs, hunter's pipes, Iriſh oznabrugs, ſhirting and ſheeting linens, white buckram, and Iriſh ſtay ticking, men, women, boys and girls gloves, a great aſſortment of womens and girls ſtuff ſhoes, twig, half and whole hunters whips, mens very neat ſaddles and bridles, a great variety of glaſs ware, with ſundry other articles, he will ſell very cheap at his ſtore near the Bay, next door to Meſſieurs Manſell, Corbett, and Roberts. 6 w.

HARLESTON & BONNEAU,

HAVE juſt imported in the Snow PORTLAND, GEORGE HIGGINS, maſter, from LONDON;

WHITE, blue and green PLAINS, fine dyed and white Ruſſia drab, India nankeens, white jean, fuſtians, pavillion gauze, ginghams, a variety of India perſians, ſagathies, duroys, black princes ſtuff, crow mantua, 3-4th and 7-8th garlix, Iriſh ſheeting, Barcelona cravats and handkerchiefs, thread lace, plated ſtocks, ſpinnel, flouriſhing thread, ribbed white ſilk hoſe, white worſted breeches patterns, horn moulds, ſtarch, hair powder, ſaddle cloth, rattans with bullet heads, poliſhing fiſh ſkins, raiſins, currants, capers, olives, ſoy, ketchup, Crowley's broad hoes, ſteel ſpades with wilded ſockets, ox chains, latches and catches to drive, beſt double worm box handle gimblets, carpenters planes, croſs cut ſaws, &c. &c. &c.

JUST IMPORTED,

By WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Co.

In the Dolphin, *Captain* Simblett, *from* LONDON, *and the* Lloyd, *Captain* Pocock, *from* BRISTOL,

A LARGE and COMPLEAT ASSORTMENT of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS, which they will ſell on the LOWEST TERMS for CASH, or the USUAL CREDIT, at their Store the Corner of Broad-Street, near the *old* WATCH-HOUSE.

They have alſo a few Pipes of choice OLD LONDON MADERA WINE, Kenton's OLD PORTER in Barrels and Bottles, BRISTOL and DORCHESTER BEER, BAR IRON, SHEAR MOULDS, ORONOCO and ROGERS's BEST CUT TOBACCO, &c. &c.

All Perſons indebted to the Co-partnerſhip of WILSON, CORAM, & Co. are requeſted to ſettle their Accounts on or before the 20th Day of October next.

For LONDON,

The SHIP DOLPHIN,
HENRY SIMBLETT, *Maſter.*
(Will ſail the 20th inſtant at fartheſt)

FOR FREIGHT or PASSAGE, having excellent Accommodations, apply to ſaid Maſter on board, at CHAMPNEY's Wharf, or WILSON, CORAM, WAYNE, & Co.

RUN-AWAY the 28th of May laſt, a negro wench named CELIA, this country born, and lately belonged to Mr. Samuel Brailsford, ſhe is ſuppoſed to be harboured in or about Charles-Town, where ſhe is very well acquainted. Any perſon apprehending the ſaid wench, and delivers her to the warden of the Work-houſe, ſhall receive Forty Shillings reward; and upon information of her being harboured by a white perſon, a reward of Twenty Pounds will be given, upon proof thereof, and Five Pounds, if by a negro.

tbctf. JOHN McCALL, jun.

THE ſubſcriber will ſell his valuable plantation at Stono, containing 1676 acres, for four pounds five ſhillings per acre round, with the crop of rice, corn, &c. thereon, now growing included, any time betwixt this and the firſt of November enſuing.

Auguſt 4, 1768. FRANCIS YONGE.

N. B. One or two years credit will be given, upon having good ſecurity, and paying intereſt from the day of purchaſe.

ALEXANDER GILLON,

Has imported in the Sloop Mees, *Captain* Thomas Blundell, *from* ST. MARY's, SCILLY;

A LARGE Aſſortment of Ruſſia Sheeting and Shirting, Striped Hollands, Handkerchiefs, Oznabrugs, Linſeed Oil, &c. alſo a few Caſks of good RHENISH WINE, to be ſold very cheap at his Store in Broad-Street.

JOHN SCOTT,

Has juſt imported in the Liberty, *Captain* Laſley, *from* BRISTOL;

White, blue, and green PLAINS.

SEVEN THOUSAND POUNDS Currency, to be let at Intereſt, on good perſonal Security. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD at FOGARTIE's FERRY, *on Thurſday the 25th of Auguſt inſtant,*

ABOUT TWENTY FINE SLAVES, chiefly country born, among whom are ſawyers, ſhingle makers, a tanner and currier, cooks, houſe wenches, a good midwife, field ſlaves, &c. The purchaſers may have twelve months credit, paying intereſt, and giving approved ſecurity, ſold by

DAVID FOGARTIE.

ALL Perſons who have any Books of mine in their Poſſeſſion, particularly the following, *Brook*'s Introduction to Phyſic and Chirurgery, *William Hillery*'s, *Morgan*'s, and *Sanctorus*'s Aphoriſms, from *Boerhaave*, are requeſted to return them to the Printer hereof.——All Perſons are cautioned from giving Credit to any one in my Name, without a written Order from me, as I ſhall not be anſwerable for any Debts ſo contracted, after the Date hereof.

Auguſt 3, 1768. BARNET WAIT.

THE Co-partnerſhip of JORDAN & BRENAN being expired, MICHAEL JORDAN begs leave to acquaint the public, that he carries on the buſineſs of the ſaid houſe, and will be much obliged to ſuch gentlemen as chuſe to favour him with their cuſtom, and returns his moſt hearty thanks to thoſe who have already favoured him with their cuſtom.

N. B. Good commodious ſtabling by the year or quarter, with good lodgings for country gentlemen.

TO BE SOLD, and may be entered on by the firſt of January next,

THE plantation whereon I now live, containing 786 acres, ſituated on the Cypreſs ſwamp, adjoining to Daniel Blake, Eſq; to the eſtate of Jeremiah Knott, and to Benjamin Waring, Eſq; the ſaid tract is within ſix miles of Bacon's-bridge; it is thought to be as good rice land as any in the province, and very fine corn land; there is 40 acres of the ſwamp land within banks ready for planting; there is on the ſaid place a large two ſtory dwelling houſe, with a hip roof, a new kitchen, a ſtable and chair-houſe, with all other neceſſary out buildings. Whoever inclines to purchaſe, may treat with either Benjamin Waring, Eſq; or Mr. Peter Slann, in Charles-Town, or the ſubſcriber.

JAMES SANDERS.

TO BE LET, the following Houſes, viz.

THE Tenement now in occupation of the Rev. Mr. *John Thomas*, ſituated at the Corner of Tradd and Meeting-Streets, and may be entered upon in a few Days.

The Tenement adjoining the above, and ſituated upon Tradd-Street, and was lately occupied by *Benjamin Huger*, Eſq; and may be entered upon immediately.

The Tenement where Meſſrs. *Nowell & Lord* lately kept Store on the Bay, and ſituated near the old Watch-Houſe, to be entered upon the laſt of October next. For further particulars, apply to WILLIAM ELLIS.

Who wants a good Chair Horſe; any Perſon having ſuch to diſpoſe of, may apply to me in Anſonſbourg.

Black-River, Prince Frederick Pariſh, Auguſt 1, 1768.

TO BE SOLD by the ſubſcriber,

AN inland plantation or tract of land, containing ſeven hundred acres, old meaſure, the greateſt part of the ſaid land is a fine level cypreſs and tupelo ſwamp, with a rich blue clay foundation, it has five very good reſerves of water, there is about three hundred acres within the reſerves of level ſwamp, which may be kept dry in the wetteſt ſeaſons, or in the dryeſt ſummers there is water ſufficient to water the whole ſwamp twice or more, it has proper dams and ditches to make a ſure crop; there is ſixty acres of rice planted on the ſaid plantation this year, which is good, and about one hundred and forty acres cleared, and ſixty of it ſwamp; there is thereon a good dwelling houſe, barn, and other out buildings, has a very large orchard of ſeveral ſorts of trees, a good ſpring of water, is a very healthy place, and is about three miles and a half from a landing. Likewiſe will be ſold, upwards of one hundred head of cattle, a ſtock of hogs, and a parcel of breeding mares. Twelve months credit will be given, with intereſt from the day of purchaſe, may treat with the ſubſcriber on the ſaid plantation, or in his abſence with Mr. WILLIAM MICHAU.

SAMUEL CLEGG.

A YOUNG WOMAN, with a good BREAST of MILK, would be glad of a Place in a creditable Houſe, as a WET NURSE. Enquire of the Printer.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 5, 1768.

THOMAS CATON, ſenior, of the Four-Holes, informs me of a ſtrayed flea-bitten gray horſe, near 20 years old, branded on the off buttock or thigh with a ſwivel ſtirrup iron, thus O. The owner may prove his property before PENWICKE BULL, J. P.

STOPPED laſt Saturday from a NEGRO,

A TWENTY POUND BILL. The Owner thereof, may have it, by deſcribing the ſame, paying for this Advertiſement, and applying in King-ſtreet, to

MICHAEL KALLAR.

A Sorrel horſe, about fourteen hands high, paces, has a blaze down his face, branded on the off buttock A.

A black gelding, about fourteen hands high, trots, both his hind feet white, branded on the near ſhoulder S, and on the near buttock F. The owner muſt prove his property before JOHN JOOR.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 1, 1768.

I AM informed by James Riddle, of the following ſtrays, having broke into his paſture on Charles-Town neck, viz.

A ſmall brown bay gelding, about 12 hands high, has a a few white hairs in his forehead, and branded on the mounting ſhoulder [illegible] and on the mounting buttock J.

And a brown mouſe coloured gelding, about 13 and an half hands high, a long ſtar in his forehead, branded on the mounting and off ſhoulders and buttocks, with an M in a D, alſo on the mounting buttock MW. The owner or owners of the above ſtrays, may apply to, and prove their property before WILLIAM MASON, J. P.

TO BE SOLD,

A Decked Schooner, burthen about One Hundred and Thirty Barrels of Rice, in good Order, her Main-ſail is new. Any Perſon inclinable to become a Purchaſer, may apply to COGDELL & FORDYCE.

Who has a very good ſailing Boat to diſpoſe of, with her Sails, &c.

TO BE SOLD,

A Tract of land ſituate on Long-Bay, in Craven county, containing 1257 acres, old meaſure, more or leſs, butting and bounding eaſtwardly partly on Mr. Wickham's land, and partly on Long-Bay, ſouthward on Mr. William Balloon's, northward on Mr. Charnock's land, and to the weſt on vacant land.—Late the property of George Rivers; ſaid land is eſteemed very good for corn and indico. For further particulars, apply in Charles-Town, to

JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

SOUTH-CAROLINA:

Purſuant to a decree of the honourable the court of Chancery of this province, will be ſold by the ſubſcriber, on Monday the 22d day of Auguſt next, at Mr. Nightingale's, *near Charles-Town, upon the terms and conditions to be then and there declared;*

SEVERAL articles of PLATE, &c. and about forty NEGROES, among whom are ſome good ſawyers, cattle hunters, and one of the beſt negro gardiners in the province.

A tract of land called LITTLEBURY, near the Lieutenant-Governor's on Aſhley-river, containing about one hundred and ſeventy-two acres.

Four hundred and eighty-five acres of land near Redbank, on Ediſto-river.

Two low water lots, (No. 283, and 284) ſituated on White-point, extending in front on Aſhley-river about 500 feet, including the breadth of a ſtreet 25 feet wide.

And alſo a pew, (No. 50) in St. Michael's church.

Being part of the reſiduary real and perſonal eſtate of THOMAS DRAYTON, Eſq; deceaſed.

WILLIAM BURROWS, *Maſter in Chancery.*

TO BE SOLD at Auction, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town, *on Thurſday the 25th Day of Auguſt inſtant,*

A MACHINE for pounding RICE, invented and built by *Mr.* GEORGE VEITCH, as it now ſtands on Mr. FERGUSON's Lot, at the Weſt End of Tradd-ſtreet.

Auguſt 1, 1768. SAMUEL PRIOLEAU, jun. & Co.

THE Stock of DRY GOODS that was to be ſold by the Subſcriber on the firſt of Auguſt, is poſtponed to the 29th of the ſame Month; and if any Perſon ſhould incline to purchaſe the Whole before that Day, may have them at a ſmall Advance, from THOMAS BUCKLE.

JOHN SCOTT,

Has juſt imported in the PORTLAND, Captain HIGGINS, from London, a freſh aſſortment of GOODS, among which are,

IRISH LINENS, printed linens, India chints, variety of dark purple callicoes, India perſians, ribbands, garnet necklaces, long and clear lawns, nankeen, ſewing ſilk, womens black ſilk gloves, neat black callimanco pumps, blue thread pavillion gauze, black breeches patterns, beſt Whitechapple and common needles, bombazines, allamodes, umbrelloes, oznabrugs, men, women and childrens worſted and thread hoſe, Brittanias, hair-powder, beſt Poland ſtarch, ſpice, nails, family medicines, and other articles, too tedious to mention, with rum, ſugar, and ſalt, are to be ſold cheap at his ſtore on the Bay.

EDWARD MORTIMER,

Has juſt imported in the Snow Portland, Captain Higgins, from LONDON,

A Neat and general aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable to the preſent ſeaſon, which will be ſold cheap at his ſtore at Monck's-Corner, together with Weſt-India and Northward rum, muſcovado ſugar, and ſalt.

THOMAS LOUGHTON & ROGER SMITH,

HAVE juſt imported in the Ships *Live Oak* and *Liberty*, from *BRISTOL*;

A which they will ſupply and recommend PLAINS. STORE oppoſite the POST-OFFICE.

ISAAC MOTTE, & Co.

Have imported in the Ship Liberty, *Captain* Laſley, *from* BRISTOL, *an Aſſortment of GOODS, fit for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, among which are,*

WHITE, blue, green, and drab coloured PLAINS, Duffil Blankets, Paints of all colours, Linſeed Oil, Window Glaſs, beſt three Strand Seine Twine, Shoe Thread in Balls, Smiths Bellows, Nails of all ſorts, and many other Articles too tedious to enumerate, all which they will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at their Store on the Bay.——As alſo two very neat 8 Day Clocks in Mahogany Caſes, one for £.63, and the other for £.47 10ſ. and a ſmall FIRE ENGINE for £.48.

Juſt imported in the Liberty, *Capt.* Laſley, *from* BRISTOL,

A FEW BALES of WHITE and COLOURED PLAINS, among which are ſome called Watchet Plains, of an extra width and quality; alſo beſt ſtriped DUFFILS, and ſundry other Articles, to be ſold by the Bale or Piece very cheap, by

JAMES LAURENS.

Good Scotch Oznabrugs at 3ſ. per Yard by the Piece.

In the Portland, *from* LONDON, *and the* Live-Oak *and* Liberty, *from* BRISTOL,

JONES & RICHARDSON,

HAVE juſt imported a freſh ſupply of GOODS, among which are WHITE PLAINS, Callimanco and Everlaſting Shoes, Cotton and Wool Cards.

DOWNES, JONES, & Co.

HAVE juſt imported in the Liberty, *Captain* Laſley, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE, blue, and green PLAINS, of a very good bredth and quality, alſo ſundry other Articles, uſually imported from that Place, which will be ſold on very reaſonable Terms at their Store in Tradd-ſtreet, and at Bacon's Bridge.

WHEREAS my wife ELEANOR, eloped from me twelve years paſt, and went and lived in the North province, and had children by three different men; and as I am now informed has returned to this province; this is to forewarn any perſon or perſons to credit her on my account, as I ſhall not pay any debts contracted by her; ſhe was lately in Charles-Town with one Toomer.

July 19, 1768. NATHAN FRINK.

DROVE up among my cattle, (by JAMES ELEY, at my Long-Bay plantation) a brindle pied BULL CALF, unmarked, and without a dam. Any perſon claiming the ſaid CALF, may have him, by proving his property.

July 20, 1768. JOSIAS ALLSTON.

ALL Kinds of Blanks uſed in this Province, and good Writing Paper, to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

Juſt imported in the Snow PORTLAND, *from* LONDON,

By NICHOLAS LANGFORD,

At the BOOK *and* PRINT STORE, *next to Mr.* DILLON's, *in* Broad-ſtreet,

A Very neat and choice collection of BOOKS in polite literature, approved hiſtory and uſeful ſciences, among which are the dictionaries of Chambers, Johnſon, Poſtlethwayte, Bailey, Delpino, Ainſworth and Boyer, Tillotſon's works, Smith's family bible, Burket and Whitby on the new teſtament, Stackhouſe's hiſtory of the bible, ſyſtem of geography, Harris's voyages, Pocock's travels, Beawes's *lex mercatoria*, abridgment of tranſactions, 12 vols. quarto, Van Sweten's comment on Boerhaave, 14 vols. Biographical dictionary, 12 vols. with all the modern reputed authors, alſo bibles and common prayers, ſeveral ſetts of fine prints, elegantly framed and glazed, likewiſe globes, barometers and thermometers, reflecting and refracting teleſcopes, Dolland's patent ditto, Hadley's quadrants, pocket compaſſes, microſcopes with apparatus in mahogany box, ſcioptic balls, Gunter's ſcales, neat pocket ivory rules and caſes of mathematical drawing inſtruments, all *B. Martin* fecit, ſome good muſic, with violins, German flutes and common ditto, alſo ſtrings, &c. ebony ink ſtands, Morocco pocket books, leather back-gammon tables, book faſhion.——Gentlemens neweſt faſhioned beavers, plain and laced, cutteau de chaſſe and Morocco belts, Woodſtock waſh leather gloves, and neateſt London made gentlemens ſhoes, very neat ſilver cruet frames, cut glaſs and ſilver tops, a pair of beautiful landſcapes in ſuperb frames, elegant oval pier glaſſes, and three pair of neat mahogany book caſes, double glaſs doors and locks, which with a few other articles, (among which is Britiſh and Iriſh linens) will be ſold cheaper for CASH only, than any goods of the kind imported.

N. B. For the conveniency of gentlemen reſiding in the country, there is a printed catalogue of the books delivered GRATIS.

For the inſpection of the CURIOUS, there is now firſt imported into this province, one of Mr. *Benjamin Martin's* ROYAL PATENT PUMPS, which excluſive of its much ſuperior effect produced by a *continual ſtream*, has alſo a property above all others of working without *friction*, therefore not ſubject to wear, nor choak, which the common ones are conſtantly liable to, and the fatal conſequences in ſhips too well known. On examination they will be found to be extremely uſeful to this province, particularly for the draining of ſwamps, and filling the indico vats, as the laſt requires the utmoſt expedition, they have already been fixed to ſhips, agreeable to the approbation of ſome reſpectable gentlemen in the Jamaica trade, and many of them have been ſent to different parts of Europe for that purpoſe.—To be ſeen as above, where orders for them will be tranſmitted to the manufactory in London.—*N. B.* To imitate them is actionable.

THOSE indebted to the FUND of the WILL-TOWN CONGREGATION, by bond or note, are deſired to take notice for the laſt time, that if they do not pay the intereſt due on their bonds and notes, by the firſt day of September next to the ſubſcriber, they will be put into the hands of an attorney, and ſued for without diſtinction.

July 28, 1768. JOHN MITCHELL, Treaſurer.

JUST IMPORTED,

By JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.

and late Veſſels from ENGLAND,

EXTRAORDINARY white and coloured PLAINS, Briſtol and London DUFFILS and ſtriped LINSEYS, Paints, Oil, and Window Glaſs from 8 by 10 to 10 by 12, double Glouceſter Cheeſe, Bridport Canvas, ſhort and long Pipes, Crates of yellow Ware, Riding Chairs, and Militia Drums, a parcel of neat Quilted Seat Saddles, with many other uſeful Articles, to be ſold reaſonable. Alſo to be ſold, a few Caſks of fine genuine LISBON WINE.

JUST ARRIVED in the Live-Oak, *from* BRISTOL, GLOUCESTER and CHESHIRE CHEESE, bottled Beer and Cyder in Hampers, containing three Dozen each; alſo, a few Pieces of well purchaſed Iriſh Linens, to be ſold at a low Advance, apply on board the ſaid ſhip at Eveleigh's Wharf, or at Mr. George Smith's Store, to

ANDREW LUNDBERRY.

GEORGE ANCRUM, & Co.

Have juſt received their WINTER GOODS, per the Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry, *from* BRISTOL, *conſiſting of a very large and general Aſſortment of Woollens, viz.*

WHITE, blue, green, and drab coloured PLAINS, of an extraordinary good quality, duffil and bed blankets, rugs, ſerges, Bath coating and bear-ſkin, broad cloths, kerſeys, foreſt cloths, linſey and flannels, callimanco and worſted ſtuffs for womens wear, ready made cloaths of all ſorts, together with hoſiery, ſaddlery, ironmongery, fine Glouceſter cheeſe, loaf ſugar, raiſins and currants, window glaſs, paint and linſeed oil.

All which, with rum, wine, muſcovado ſugar, fine and coarſe ſalt, (wholeſale or retail) bar iron, &c. &c. will be ſold as uſual, on the moſt reaſonable terms, at their ſtore in Broad-ſtreet.

At STOTT's

MANCHESTER WARE-HOUSE,

In BEADON's-ALLEY;

Juſt imported in the Live-Oak, *Captain* Lundberry, *from* BRISTOL,

WHITE, blue, and green NEGRO CLOTH, and STRIPED DUFFILS, which will be ſold cheap, upon their uſual Terms, for READY MONEY.

MISSING, either ſtolen or taken away by miſtake from off Burn's wharf, a BLACK TRUNK, marked A W. No. 3, ſaid to be landed on the 22d inſtant, from on board the ſnow Portland, George Higgins, maſter, and carelеſſly left on the wharf, without any notice being given to the owner of its being landed, (though promiſed by the Captain). FIVE POUNDS reward will be given to any perſon, on returning the ſaid TRUNK, with the contents, or TWENTY POUNDS on conviction of the offender, if ſtolen. JOHN NARNEY.

BOARDING and LODGING, and DAY BOARDING, in a creditable Houſe; alſo a CHAIR-HOUSE and STABLE to be let. Enquire of the Printer.

ON the Third Day of July paſt, the Subſcriber hired a bright Bay Horſe to go to Ponpon, and on the Fifth of the ſaid Month, he was taken out of a Paſture there by Miſtake, and another Bay Horſe left in his Room, ſince which he has not been heard of.—The ſaid firſt Horſe is branded on the mounting Shoulder WY, and Buttock AD in one, about 13 Hands and an half high; and the laſt Horſe is branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock 2 C, about the ſame height of the firſt.—Whoever returns the firſt Horſe to me in Charles-Town, ſhall have TWO DOLLARS Reward, and reaſonable Charges paid; and whoever owns the laſt Horſe, is requeſted to apply to me for him.

MICHAEL LAZARUS.

Charles-Town, Auguſt 1, 1768.

WILLIAM WITHERS, informs me of two horſes ſtrayed into his paſture, at St. James's, Gooſe-Creek, viz.

One a ſorrel, about 12 hands and an half high, with a blaze face, both hind feet white, riſing four years old, neither dockt or branded.

The other a cheſnut ſorrel, 12 hands and an half high, nine years old, a blaze face, branded on the mounting ſhoulder MC. The owner or owners may prove their property before JOHN REMINGTON, J. P.

RUN-AWAY the 27th inſt. from the ſubſcriber, at Black-Mingo, Craven county, a yellow fellow, about ſix feet high, named DICK, lately ſold by Mr. MARTIN CAMPBELL, of Charles-Town, Merchant, to the Rev. Mr. SKEENE, of ſaid county, deceaſed, at whoſe ſale the ſubſcriber bought him; he has been uſed to the Indian trade up Savannah river, has ſeveral relations on James-Iſland, and a ſiſter at Mr. JAMES FOWLER's, in Charles-Town: He took away with him a pair of nankeen breeches, oznabrugs trowſers, dyed negro cloth jacket, ſhirt, and felt hat; and it is ſuppoſed he will make towards Charles-Town. Whoever apprehends the ſaid ſlave, and delivers him to Meſſrs. COGDELL & FORDYCE, factors, in Charles-Town, to JOSEPH DUBOURDIEU, Eſquire, in George-Town, or the ſubſcriber, ſhall have TWENTY POUNDS reward, beſides reaſonable charges.

July 29, 1768. ANTHONY MARTIN WHITE.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber on Saturday the 26th of July, an apprentice lad named JOHN GULTIER EDEN, about four feet ſix inches high, of a yellow caſt, has a very down look, and buſhy head of hair: Had on when he went away, a blue cloth coat, linen waiſtcoat, and Ruſſia drab breeches. Whoever will deliver the ſaid apprentice to me, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS reward, and all reaſonable charges paid, by

CLEMENT CLEMONS BROWN.

N. B. All perſons are forbid harbouring and entertaining the ſaid apprentice, as they may expect to anſwer it at their peril.

TO BE LET,

TWO CHAIR HOUSES, and STABLES, near LAMBOLL's BRIDGE. For Particulars, enquire of the Printer.

TO BE LET, or SOLD,

THE Brick [illegible] in Elliot-Street, lately occupied by Mrs. MARY BROUGHTON. Enquire Meſſrs. GRIFFITH & CAPE, or

JOHN HUGER

St. Paul's pariſh, July 25, 1768.

CAPTAIN JAMES CHRISTIE, of Ponpon, hath informed me of the following ſtrays, viz.

A brown bay gelding, about 14 hands high, branded on the mounting ſhoulder F, paces and trots faſt, and appears about 10 years old.

Another bay gelding, between 13 and 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock C, and ſomething like m, is a natural pacer, with a ſtar in his forehead, appears about 11 years old. The owner or owners of the above ſtrays, may apply to EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

St. Paul's pariſh, July 29, 1768.

MR. JOHN MILES, of Stono, informs me of a bright bay gelding, branded on the mounting ſhoulder W, and on the buttock of the ſame ſide H, is about 14 hands high, a trotter, and appears about 10 years old. The owner of the ſaid gelding may apply to

EDWARD PERRY, J. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JOHN MARSHALL, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of *Conrad Bott*, having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *Conrad Bott*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, June 7, 1768.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

THOMAS SNOW, of the province aforeſaid, who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt Marſhal, upon *Meſne Proceſs*, at the ſuit of *James Parſons*, Eſq; having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors: IT IS ORDERED, that the ſaid *James Parſons*, and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is anywiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of Judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.

D. CAMPBELL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, July 15, 1768.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

SUPPLEMENT to the *South-Carolina Gazette*, and *Country Journal*.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 9, 1768. No. 140. [Printed by Charles Crouch, in Elliott-ſtreet.]

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 9.

A letter from Mr. JAMES COOK, *Provincial-Surveyor, to a gentleman in this town, dated* WATEREE, *June* 20, 1768.

SIR,

IN my laſt I promiſed you to communicate my obſervations of this province, as ſoon as I had finiſhed the out lines of my ſurvey; and you may fully perſuade yourſelf, whatever errors I may be liable to, can only proceed from a fallibility of judgment.

Firſt, above Pine-Tree, now Camden, ſix or ſeven miles, begins the falls on the Wateree river, then are we about 160 miles from Charles-Town, and 40 from the province line. The river here is pretty ſtreight, and the falls not ſteep and violent, but a ſtrong current among huge looſe rocks, with regular deſcents, for half a mile together, and good fords for carriages. Here is many rivers, creeks, and runs of water, all branches of this river, which will better be delineated on my draught then deſcribed here. The greateſt freſhes here is attended with no bad conſequences, like where the ſtreams is united lower down, the fords rarely being impaſſable two days together. The Waxhaw ſettlement joins on the line here, and is ſettled and improved beyond conception, moſtly with Virginians and Pennſylvanians, whoſe induſtry and manufactures does them much credit, cultivating their lands by the manual labour of their own numerous families, having but few negroes: You will more readily perceive the improvements of this part, from a liſt of the marriages and chriſtenings for the laſt year, from January 1, 1767, to January 1, 1768, marriages 163, chriſtenings 323; this includes the Waxhaw and Fiſhing Creek ſettlements, which four years ago had not a houſe in every five mile ſquare: The ſoil is good for various produce, and much room for more improvements, and will at ſome period be a reſpectable place and people. The numerous offspring of children, and their complexion, declare it a healthy ſituation, and many pleaſing and enlarged proſpects, interſperſed with riſing grounds, rivers, and fruitful vallies, without that diſagreeable ſultry [illegible] by the putrid vapours which is common to the lower [illegible] vince. The river continues much above the line, as ſpoken of before, and heads in the mountains.

The Congaree river continues in many windings and turnings about 90 miles by water from the forks, the forks again makes Broad-river on the right, and Saluda on the left: Broad-river has many falls, yet by a little induſtry may be made navigable to the province line; and when there may, it is navigable almoſt to the mountains, which will greatly facilitate a communication with thoſe parts, to the advantage of this province. The number of rivers, creeks, and branches of this river, enriches the whole country; and is thick ſettled, with a thriving people, the mark of induſtry and prudence. Much cannot be expected from a place in four years cultivation, and by a people not brought thither by the ſmiles of fortune: But to form a proportion, from the laſt four years improvements, will in a few years excel any common medium of calculation; on Turky-creek, where was not a houſe or path four years ago, is now able to contribute to the building of a Meeting-houſe, and raiſe £.100 ſterling per annum for the Miniſter. Saluda, Tiger, and other leſs but reſpectable rivers, may in time be made navigable for ſmall craft, whoſe banks, waters, and even high land, is enriched with variety of good ſoil, plants, wood, and fiſh; all neceſſaries of life flows in abundance, ſalt excepted; plenty of iron ore near navigation, whoſe real uſe ſurpaſſes that of gold. Here is many buffalo licks, a kind of earth the cattle is fond of, and reſorts thither in the ſpring time in large herds, wild and tame, (the buffalos being wholly hunted out of this province, and fled to the mountains.) In this lick earth I have more reaſon than one to believe there is good ſalt petre.

Savannah-river is a large and noble river, but ſo many baronies hinder the ſettling of it like other places; neither do I ſee the advantage of theſe baronies to the proprietors, for whoever has holden one 50 years, has paid more in quit rents and taxes, then it will fetch at preſent; which is not the caſe of ſmaller tracts, liable to be wholly ſettled and improved. They are a kind of aſſylum for villains, who flies to elude juſtice, and ſettle on this river, that either live obſcure or eaſely creep to the Creeks or Cherokees, and back again, as the caſe requires. Agriculture and manufactures makes a ſmall progreſs here, but 'tis hoped it may mend in time, as the wiſdom of the legiſlature has ſeen the benefits that may ariſe in future times, by encouraging the culture of hemp and flax with a bounty, and by endeavouring to eſtabliſh courts, where juſtice may be adminiſtred to the remoteſt, on ſuch a plan as may give a general ſatisfaction; I only mention this, having obſerved the joy, applauſe, and general ſatisfaction it ſeems to meet with, every honeſt man being glad to live under good ſubordination, and mutually partake of the benefits of ſuch wholeſome laws as ſecures his property and liberty, and that equality of juſtice, which ſeems to cement in ſtrongeſt ties all ſocieties of men.

I am, Sir, your moſt humble and obedient ſervant,

JAMES COOK.

GODFREY & GADSDEN,

Have to diſpoſe of, the following articles, under the common advance, or they will exchange them for ſuch other goods as they have occaſion for, at the net ſterling coſt, viz.

LINEN girth webb,
Tandem or nuns holland,
figured lawns,
black ſilk and cotton gauzes,
white ditto,
blue thread pavillion ditto,
blue and green ſilk ditto,
leather powder flaſks,
coffin furniture and lacing,
tin water engines,
narrow hoes,
Parnel's hermits,
Pomfret's poems,
Independent Whig,
plain and gilt Scotch bibles,
gilt Morocco prayer books,
large Bell lamps, for halls and ſtair-caſes,
a great aſſortment of pictures,
Parſon's gray broad cloth,
coloured ribbons,
black, white and crimſon Manchester velvets,
black, white and coloured double and ſingle allopeens,
taberets and hairbines,
crow and coloured poplins,
parrot cages,
japan'd plate warmers,
large HL hinges with riſing joints,
ditto HL hinges plain,
one large ſcale beam and chain,
pewter candle moulds,
ſhort and long pipes,
one ſteel grate and fender,
large ox cart boxes,
ſorted rubbers,
engineer bits,
pump bits and ſpears,
thread ſhirt and jacket buttons,
wriſtband and beggars tape,
Bath metal ear-rings,
women's ſilk bonnets and faſhionable hats,
velvet maſks,
ſtriped, checked and figured silks,
black paduſoy,
black flowered modes,
one piece of black ſattin,
one piece of pink ditto,
one white brocade,
one pink ground ditto,
large ſpring cheſt locks,
mortice and pairing chiſels,
piſtols,
iron hand bits,
turpentine and joiners hatchets,
ſpring ſtocks with an aſſortment of bits,
iron trivets,
almonds,
verdigreaſe,
ſpare ſets of blue glaſs caſtors,
brown thread, from 25 to 40*ſ.*
bung borers,
chair harneſſes,
ſcupper nails,
wool cards,
half pound and pound tin caniſters,
fiſh plates,
[illegible],
ſix, ſix and an half, and ſeven feet croſs cut ſaws,
four, five and eight inch cables,
tin brads for paper hanging.

6w.

BROUGHT TO THE WORK-HOUSE.

July 22, 1767. A new negro fellow, calls himſelf *Beſſaſt*, and ſays his maſter's name is *Bobby*; he is about five feet ſix inches high, full faced, and has the mark of a ſhot on his left thigh, which he ſaid was done by his maſter; has on an old white negro cloth jacket and yellow breeches; and was taken up at Mr. Ball's plantation, Silk-Hope.

September 30. A negro wench of the Angola country, who calls herſelf JENNY, but can't tell her maſter's name; ſhe is a ſhort wench, of a yellow complexion, with very ſmall breaſts; ſhe has on an old white negro cloth wrapper and petticoat. Taken up at Mr. Waring's plantation at Beach-Hill.

December 6. A negro fellow of the Angola country, calls himſelf *Jeffry*, ſays his old maſter's name was *John Williams*, and died in Georgia, but the reſt of the negroes being ſeized, he run-away to go to his young maſter in North-Carolina, whoſe name is *William Williams*; he is four feet eleven inches high, full faced, about 40 years of age, and has on an old camblet jacket and black everlaſting breeches. Taken up at Cuckhold's creek, Combahee.

June 6, 1768. A negro fellow, Bermuda born, calls himſelf JEMMY, ſays he belonged to Jonathan Bryan, but was ſold to William Lyford, of Savannah, pilot, but not liking him, was coming to Charles-Town to look for a maſter; he is five feet ſeven inches high, of a yellowiſh complexion, pitted with the ſmall-pox, and carries the marks of an old offender; he has on a blue great coat, ſtriped jacket, white ſhirt, and nankeen breeches. Taken up at Arthur Middleton, Eſqr's, Plantation near Dorcheſter.

July 17. A negro fellow born in Jamaica, calls himſelf *James Williams*, ſays his maſter's name is *Thomas Wheeler*, that he lives in Kingſton, Jamaica, and was hired to one *Davis*, firſt Lieutenant of the Sterling-Caſtle, and that he left her at Cape-Fear; he is 5 feet 9 inches high, thin faced, has a cut on his noſe, and branded on his right ſhoulder M R, alſo the mark of a ſhot juſt below his left knee, which he ſays was done at the ſiege of the Havanna, he has on a white negro cloth jacket and canabrug trowſers. Taken up in Charles-Town.

A GENTLEMAN is deſirous of being concerned a Part in ſeveral COWPENS or STOCKS of CATTLE. Any Perſon inclinable to accept of ſuch Concern, may enquire for further Particulars of

JULY 23, 1768. WILLIAM LOGAN.

Charles-Town, May 2, 1768.

PROPOSALS,

For publiſhing by SUBSCRIPTION,

ALL the ACTS and ORDINANCES of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of this PROVINCE,

Now Extant and in Force, AT LARGE,

With an Index, Marginal Notes, and References.

ALSO,

The TITLES of the ſaid Acts, and of all ſuch Acts and Ordinances as are expired, repealed, obſolete, or contain a ſuſpending Clauſe, and have not received the King's Aſſent.

CONDITIONS.

The Work is to be printed on good Paper, with a fair new Type; and will, as near as can be computed, be compriſed in three Volumes, Folio.

The Price to Subſcribers will be THIRTY POUNDS Currency each Set, to be paid within two Months after the Books, ſewed in Boards and blue Paper, ſhall be ready to be delivered, and Notice thereof given in the Gazettes.

No more Copies will be printed than ſhall be ſubſcribed for by the firſt Day of November next, when the Subſcriptions will be cloſed, but if a ſufficient Number be not then obtained, the Work will not be put to the Preſs.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received, till the above Time, by JOHN RUTLEDGE.

Charles-Town, May 2, 1768.

PROPOSALS,

For publiſhing by SUBSCRIPTION,

ALL the STATUTES and CLAUSES of STATUTES of *GREAT-BRITAIN*,

Which are expreſly made of Force in this Province, by Acts of the General Aſſembly. With an Index, Marginal Notes and References, and a Table of the Acts.

CONDITIONS.

The Work will be contained in one Volume, Folio, to be printed on good Paper, with a fair new Type.

The Price to Subſcribers will be TEN POUNDS Currency, to be paid in two Months after the Books, ſewed in Boards and blue Paper, ſhall be ready to be delivered, and Notice thereof given in the Gazettes.

No more Copies will be printed than ſhall be ſubſcribed for by the firſt Day of November next.

SUBSCRIPTIONS will be received, till the above Time, and no longer, by JOHN RUTLEDGE.

Charles-Town, January 6, 1768.

NOTICE is hereby given that Meſſrs. Thomas Liſton and William Hope, of Charles-Town, merchants, have aſſigned all their debts and effects to the ſubſcribers, in truſt, for paying out of the money to ariſe therefrom, ſuch of the creditors of Middleton, Liſton and Hope, and of the ſaid Thomas Liſton and William Hope, as ſhall within twelve months from this day, conſent and agree to receive a dividend of their debts, in average and proportion, as far as the ſaid money will extend, and thereupon to execute general releaſes of their ſaid demands as againſt the ſaid Thomas and William; the other creditors are excluded from any ſhare of the ſaid money; therefore thoſe who are willing to accept dividends upon the terms above mentioned, are deſired to ſignify ſuch conſent, and tranſmit their accounts duly atteſted, within the time above limited.

Robert Oſwald having likewiſe aſſigned to us all the books and effects belonging to himſelf, and as partner with Oſwald and Tuquet, upon the ſame terms and conditions as the foregoing, all perſons intereſted are deſired to take due notice.

BENJAMIN SMITH,
HENRY LAURENS,
JOHN NEUFVILLE,
JOHN CHAPMAN,
JOHN RUTLEDGE,
WILLIAM SAVAGE,
WILLIAM PRICE

Public Notice is hereby given,

THAT the TREASURER's-OFFICE was removed on Wedneſday the firſt Day of JUNE laſt, to the Houſe of the Subſcriber in Old Church-Street.

HENRY PERONNEAU, *Aſſiſtant-Treaſurer.*

☞ For the Convenience of Gentlemen in Trade, and others, the Office will be kept open, during the Summer Months, from 7 to 12 o'Clock in the Forenoon, for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs.

Juſt imported, and to be ſold next door to Iſaac Huger, *Eſq;*

By JAMES DUTHIE,

A FEW ſets of very neat braſs chamber doors, with fenders, ſhovels and tongs, ſuitable to the ſame, at the PRIME COST and CHARGES.

WARING & SHEPHEARD,

HAVE juſt imported in the PORTLAND, Capt. HIGGINS, from LONDON;

A GREAT variety of hoſiery and cutlery, women's brocade, ſattin, black callimanco, and everlaſting ſhoes and pumps, girls ditto, fowling pieces from £.10 to £.30 each.

Neat riding chairs with tops, ditto without, which with a variety of neat ſilks, and ſundry other articles ſuitable for the ſeaſon, imported in Capt. Maitland, they will ſell reaſonable at their ſtore on the Bay, the ſouth corner of the Guard-Houſe.

GEORGE THOMSON,

HAS imported in the PORTLAND, Captain HIGGINS, from LONDON, an Aſſorment of GOODS, fit for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, among which are,

WHITE and coloured PLAINS, LONDON DUFFIL BLANKETS, and Women's Stuff SHOES, which he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at his STORE in Tradd-ſtreet.

TO BE LET,

A Good CHAIR-HOUSE and STABLE.—Enquire of the Printer.

MARGARET NELSON,

PASTRY-COOK, from LONDON,

HAVING removed from Beadon's-Alley to the Houſe lately occupied by Mr. JOHN RANTOWLE, where ſhe intends carrying on that Buſineſs in all its Branches; ſhe will engage to compleat, on the ſhorteſt Notice, any Orders that may be ſent her; and hopes her Aſſiduity in Compliance with them, may recommend her to the Favour of the Public. A convenient back Store and large Cellar, one furniſhed and two unfurniſhed Rooms, to be let. Enquire as above.

THE Subſcriber acquaints her country friends, that ſhe has conveniences for boarding three or four children, and will be much obliged to thoſe who will favour her with the care of them, as they may depend on their being faithfully taken care of, at her houſe in Dean's-ſquare, on the green, which makes it very pleaſant and airy, and at the ſame time very convenient, being but a few doors from a ſchool houſe. ELIZABETH HOLSON.

THIS is to acquaint the Public, That THOMAS IVERS, WILLIAM PRICE, WILLIAM HEST, and EDMUND HEAD, have eſtabliſhed a ROPE WALK on the North Side of this Town, and carry on the BUSINESS of ROPE-MAKING, under the Firm of

THOMAS IVERS, & Co.

They can compleat any Orders for CORDAGE in a ſhort Time, and will be much obliged to thoſe who pleaſe to favour them with their Cuſtom.

Orders are received by THOMAS IVERS, at the Rope-Walk, or by PRICE, HEST, and HEAD, at their Store on the Bay, where a compleat Aſſortment of CORDAGE will be always lodged for Sale. tbctf.

TO BE SOLD at public vendue, at the uſual place in Charles-Town, on Tueſday the 23d of Auguſt next,

A Tract of well timbered pine barren in St. George's pariſh, about three miles from Dorcheſter, and 17 from Charles-Town, containing about 595 acres, adjoining lands of Meſſrs Bindwell, Harſkins, Bulline, and Harvey. Three months credit will be given, paying intereſt, &c. Any perſons that may chuſe to purchaſe before the day of ſale, may treat with Mr. JOHN PARKER, in Charles-Town, or in St. Bartholomew's pariſh, with JOHN BARKER.

Purſuant to a decree of the Honourable Court of Chancery of this province, will be ſold before the ſubſcriber, at his houſe in Charles-Town, on Thurſday the 25th day of Auguſt next, at the hour of eleven in the forenoon, for ready money;

A LOT of LAND on the eaſt ſide of King-ſtreet, bounding weſt on the ſaid ſtreet, eaſt on land of Mrs. Frazer, ſouth on land of Joſeph Dill, and north on land formerly of James Wilkie, containing in depth 241 feet, and in front 65 feet. The ſaid lot will be divided into two, by a direct line through the middle; each lot to conſiſt of 32 and an half feet front, and the depth above.

WILLIAM BURROWS, *Maſter in Chancery.*